

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
AUSTIN DIVISION**

LEANN COLLINS
Plaintiff

V.

EASYNEWS, INC.
Defendant

**CIVIL ACTION
NO:** _____

A06 CA451 LY

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT

NOW COMES Leann Collins complaining of Easynews, Inc. and for cause of action would show unto the Court as follows:

I. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1.1 This claim arises under the provisions of the Copyright Act of the United States, as amended, 17 USC § 1, et seq., and is for infringement of multiple copyrights registered in the Copyright Office of the United States.
- 1.2 This Court's jurisdiction over this matter is proper pursuant to 28 USC §§ 1331, 1332 and 1338(a).
- 1.3 Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 USC §1391 and 1400(a) in that defendants or their agents "may be found" in this district, and the defendant is a corporation that is subject to personal jurisdiction in this district, and because a

substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this district, and the property that is the subject of this action is located in this district.

II. PERSONAL JURISDICTION

2.1 This Court has personal jurisdiction over the defendant because: (a) the defendant's contacts with the State of Texas are continuous and systematic; and (b) the defendant purposefully directs its activities to the residents of the State of Texas and plaintiff's cause of action arises out of, or is related to the defendant's contacts with the State of Texas.

2.2 More specifically, defendant does business over the internet by entering into contracts with Texas residents, which contracts involve the knowing and repeated transmission of computer files over the internet.

2.3 Moreover, defendant's website is sufficiently interactive and commercial in nature to justify personal jurisdiction in that it processes credit cards, sells monthly subscriptions to its Texas users, offers customized database searches, allows multiple options for viewing pictures, allows subscribers to download photographs (one at a time or in masse) for a monthly fee, stores those images on its servers for a substantial period of time, and provides e-mail addresses and links for customer service problems.

III. THE PARTIES

3.1 Plaintiff is Leann Collins, an individual residing in Travis County, Texas.

3.2 Defendant is Easynews, Inc. an Arizona corporation doing business all over the world over the internet, and may be served with process by serving its registered agent, Connie J. Mableson, 3003 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1800, Phoenix, Arizona 85012.

IV. FACTS

- 4.1 Leann Collins ("Collins") is a professional photographer who specializes in wedding photography, portraits, still-lifes, landscapes and fine-art nudes.
- 4.2 From 2000 to 2005, Collins created over a thousand photographs and registered them with the United States Copyright Office. A list of the photographs at issue and the dates of registration is attached as Exhibit 1 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 4.3 All photos are marked with the name "Leann Collins" and the word "copyright" and the year of the copyright. A sample of one of Collins' photos is attached as Exhibit 2.
- 4.4 Collins owns and operates her own website at www.leanncollins.com. All of the photographs posted on her website are also marked with her name, the word "copyright" and the year of the copyright registration.
- 4.5 Unbeknown to Collins, in or about the month of October 2004, a third party stole and posted approximately 1075 of Collins' copyrighted and registered photos to an internet "newsgroup."
- 4.6 A "newsgroup" is an internet forum for the exchange of ideas by people of similar interests. Newsgroups exist on the Usenet, which is a network of computers linked by telephone lines or coaxial cable – similar to the world wide web. A newsgroup typically specializes in a certain subject areas, such as sports, for example, or Cajun cooking. A substantial number of newsgroups are devoted to sexually explicit material. Newsgroups feature discrete collections of information called "articles." Newsgroup participants may "post" (upload) articles, which consist of text and/or images. Images may be posted by using scanners to convert a photograph to a digital file, which may then be uploaded onto the newsgroup. Once online and within a newsgroup, a participant may post an article,

may view one of many articles on the computer screen, and may download an article to his or her computer for later retrieval or printing or distributing.

4.7 The website www.easynews.com is dedicated to harvesting pirated images of many well-known photographers and film-makers, including but not limited to films and images from Star Trek, Disney, Penthouse and Playboy, which are regularly posted on various newsgroups on the Usenet. Easynews, Inc. is the owner and operator of www.easynew.com.

4.8 Easynews uses "data mining" software which is specifically designed to search the newsgroups for images based on a pre-determined set of search criteria.

4.9 Once the data mining software finds what it is looking for, it then strips the images of any identifying text, such as advertising and copyright information, to the extent possible.

4.10 Easynews then duplicates the images harvested by creating small "thumbnail" size copies which allows the viewer to view and download multiple images at one time.

4.11 Easynews only loads a small percentage of the images found in the newsgroups. Easynews cherrypicks the best and most marketable images for posting on its website, and deletes duplicate images. Easynews exercises a great deal of control over the content of its website.

4.12 The Easynews website also appears to have an entire section dedicated exclusively to child pornography.

4.13 Easynews then charges a monthly subscription fee for the right to access and download those pirated images and films.

4.14 Easynews makes money by storing and indexing the infringing images on its servers for approximately forty days in order to allow its subscribers plenty of time to search, view, print, download and distribute images.

4.15 Easynews has the right and ability to control and supervise the infringers' activities.

4.16 On or about November 2, 2004, Collins wrote a letter to attorney Connie Mableson, the Easynews, Inc. designated agent for notice of copyright infringement, and notified her that Easynews was violating her copyrights by displaying her photos on the Easynews website and providing the method and the means for others to view, copy, download, distribute and display those photos.

4.17 On or about November 9, 2004, Mableson sent Collins an e-mail acknowledging receipt of Collins' letter, but claiming that her notice letter was defective because it did not "provide the specific location of each of the allegedly infringing photos." Mableson also asked Collins to provide the "abuse desk" with all of the headers that relate to the infringing photos.

4.18 On the same day, Collins responded by e-mail to Mableson and explained that she had already provided Easynews with all the information necessary to find and remove her pictures.

4.19 On or about November 11, 2004, an anonymous person at the "abuse desk" sent Collins an e-mail claiming that "the law dictates that we are NOT to generally police USENET and its millions of postings to see if there any of your allegedly infringing files in the thousands of newsgroups." The anonymous e-mail also asked for a list of the headers for the postings. However, the link to the header function was broken and the

header information was, thus, not available. It was the responsibility of Easynews, Inc. to ensure that the links to the header information were functioning properly if it wanted aggrieved photographers to comply with its complaint policy.

4.20 Moreover, there is no legal requirement that an aggrieved photographer provide the header information. Nor is the header information the best way to identify the location of the infringing photos. Each image had a distinctive file name unique to Collins that was easily searchable through the Easynews database.

4.21 Thus, the requirement to furnish headers was an obstacle deliberately set up by Easynews to make it more difficult for aggrieved photographers to file a complaint – especially when the link to the header information was broken.

4.22 On the same day, Collins responded by e-mail to the “abuse desk” informing them specifically where they could find her photos on the Easynews website.

4.23 On or about November 12, 2004, Mableson sent Collins another e-mail informing her that Easynews would review the allegedly infringing images – but only those for which they had sufficient header information.

4.24 On the same day, Collins responded by e-mail to Mableson, once again informing Easynews of where the photos could be found.

4.25 On or about December 4, 2004, Collins sent another e-mail to Mableson informing her that the photos still had not been removed and urging her to have them removed.

4.26 On or about December 6, 2004, Mabelson responded to Collins by e-mail asking for the header information for each picture.

4.27 Easynews, Inc. never removed the infringing pictures in response to Collins' complaints. Instead, after approximately forty days, the Easynews system automatically eliminated the offending images in the normal course of its operations.

4.28 In the month of February 2005, a third party again stole and posted a group of Collins' copyrighted and registered photographs onto a newsgroup on the Usenet. Again, the Easynews data mining software searched for, found and absorbed Collins' images to its website.

4.29 On or about March 9, 2005, Collins sent another letter to Mableson asking that her photos be removed from the Easynews website, and informing her of where the photos could be found. This time Collins' letter enclosed copies of the headers showing where the photos could be found on the Easynews website. Despite having received the headers, Easynews, Inc. did not respond to Collins' letter and did not remove the infringing photos. Instead, after approximately forty-five days, the Easynews system automatically eliminated the offending images in the normal course of its operations.

4.30 On or about April 14, 2006 Leann Collins posted approximately 109 images to the Usenet newsgroup alt.binaries.pictures.fine-art.photos.

4.31 These images posted to the newsgroup included as text language to the effect that no rights in the images were released; there was no implied license granted; that the pictures were for personal use only; and that they were copyrighted, and that they were not to be posted on any commercial website.

4.32 Easynews.com's "data mining" programming targeted these images for selection because they were in an image file. Easynews picked up these images, converting them, and also eliminating important information that was part of the original newsgroup post.

4.33 Within several hours these pictures were picked up and displayed on the commercial website <http://www.eeasynews.com>, despite Ms. Collins having clearly stated that they were not to appear on a commercial website and that the images were copyrighted.

4.34 Ms. Collins sent a Digital Millennium Copyright Act notice dated April 25, 2006 mailed April 26, 2006 to Connie Mabelson registered copyright agent for www.eeasynews.com.

4.35 Easynews failed to comply with the law. A list of the photographs at issue in this violation, and the dates of registration is attached as Exhibit 3 and incorporated herein by reference.

4.36 By charging a monthly subscription fee, Easynews receives a direct economic benefit from the infringing activities of its users. The millions of stolen copyrighted images on the Easynews website enhances the value of Easynews' services to its subscribers and also attracts new subscribers.

4.37 The Easynews software indexes the images by topic/category to make them easier to search and download.

4.38 The Easynews software illegally duplicates the copyrighted images by making small "thumbnail" size copies that make it easier to view multiple images on the screen at the same time.

4.39 Easynews, Inc. also has the right and ability to supervise and control the infringers' activities.

4.40 Thus, Easynews does much more than simply operate a passive website.

4.41 Easynews, Inc. had actual and constructive knowledge that the infringing copies were owned and copyrighted by Collins because each was prominently marked with Collins' name, the word "copyright" and the year of copyright registration.

V. CAUSES OF ACTION

A. DIRECT INFRINGEMENT

5.1 Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and proceeding paragraphs herein by reference.

5.2. The list of attached original works form the subject of this copyright claim.

5.3. Collins owns the copyrights in those works.

5.4 Those copyrights have been registered in accordance with the U.S. Copyright Act;

5.5 By the conduct described in this pleading, Easynews, Inc. directly infringed on Collins right to: (a) display; (b) distribute; and (c) reproduce the copyrighted works.

B. CONTRIBUTORY INFRINGEMENT

5.6 Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and proceeding paragraphs herein by reference. Defendant's conduct also constitutes contributory infringement.

5.7 Easynews, Inc. substantially participated in the direct infringement by third parties by providing the machinery and the means to infringe.

5.8 Easynews, Inc. induces and encourages infringement by its subscribers.

5.9 Easynews, Inc. had actual and constructive knowledge of the direct infringing activities by its subscribers because the images were prominently marked with Collins'

name, the word "copyright," the year of copyright registration and because Collins put it on notice by sending written correspondence and e-mail correspondence.

5.10 Easynews, Inc. knew or should have known that its subscribers were posting copyrighted images on the Easynews website without Collins' consent.

C. VICARIOUS INFRINGEMENT

5.11 Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and proceeding paragraphs herein by reference. Defendant's conduct also constitutes vicarious infringement.

5.12 Easynews, Inc. has the right and ability to supervise and control the infringing conduct.

5.13. By charging its subscribers a monthly fee, Easynews, Inc. has receives a direct financial benefit from the infringement.

VI. REMEDIES SOUGHT

6.1 Actual, consequential and statutory damages pursuant to 17 USC §504.

6.2 Reasonable and necessary attorney's Fees pursuant to 17 USC § 505.

6.3 Additional statutory damages for willful infringement pursuant to 17 USC § 504(c).

VII. REQUEST FOR JURY TRIAL

7.1 Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury.

VIII. PRAYER

8.1 Wherefore, Plaintiff requests that the Defendant be cited to appear and answer herein and for Court Orders and Judgment as follows:

- a. Actual and consequential damages; and/or
- b. Statutory damages pursuant to 17 USC §504; and

- c. Additional statutory damages for willful infringement pursuant to 17 USC § 504(c); and
- c. Attorneys' fees pursuant to 17 USC § 505; and
- d. Costs of Court, and expenses incurred in the litigation; and
- e. Pre and post-judgment interest; and
- f. Such other and further relief at equity and at law to which Plaintiffs may be justly entitled.

Respectfully submitted,
CASTRO & BAKER, LLP
By: 
Daniel R. Castro
State Bar No. 03997390
9433 Bee Caves Road
Building I, Suite 140
Austin, Texas 78733
phone: (512) 732-0111
fax: (512) 732-0115

JS 44 (Rev. 11/04)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

Travis
RECEIVED

(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

Daniel R Castro

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF
TEXAS

BY *[Signature]*

DEFENDANTS

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant
(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE
LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

A06CA451 LY

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

<input type="checkbox"/> 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)
<input type="checkbox"/> 2 U.S. Government Defendant	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

	PTF	DEF	PTF	DEF	
Citizen of This State	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 4
Citizen of Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5
Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Foreign Nation	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 6

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJURY	PROPERTY RIGHTS	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment
<input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane	<input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Med. Malpractice	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	<input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust
<input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 315 Marine Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157	<input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking
<input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument	<input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander	<input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability	SOCIAL SECURITY	<input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce
<input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment	<input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud	<input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff)	<input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation
<input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine	<input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending	<input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923)	<input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations
<input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans)	<input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage	<input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit
<input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	<input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle	<input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI	<input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV
<input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits	<input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	<input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	<input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service
<input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract			FEDERAL TAX SUITS	<input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange
<input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability			<input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410
<input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise			<input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS - Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions
REAL PROPERTY		CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation	<input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting	<input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence	<input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters
<input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure	<input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment	Habeas Corpus:	<input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act	<input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act
<input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	<input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/ Accommodations	<input type="checkbox"/> 530 General	<input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice	<input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
<input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land	<input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare	<input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty		
<input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment	<input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other		
<input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights		
	<input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	<input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition		

V. ORIGIN

(Place an "X" in One Box Only)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 Original Proceeding	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 Removed from State Court	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 Remanded from Appellate Court	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 Reinstated or Reopened	<input type="checkbox"/> 5 Transferred from another district (specify) _____	<input type="checkbox"/> 6 Multidistrict Litigation	<input type="checkbox"/> 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):

17 USC 510, et seq.

Brief description of cause:

Copyright Infringement

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION
UNDER F.R.C.P. 23

DEMAND \$

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:
JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY

(See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

DATE

6-13-06

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

Daniel R Castro

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # *386057* AMOUNT *350.00*

APPLYING IFFP

JUDGE *Yeakel*

MAG. JUDGE

AO82
(Rev. 4/90)

ORIGINAL

386057

RECEIPT FOR PAYMENT
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXASat Austin

RECEIVED FROM

Astro + Baker LLP
13706 N Highway 183 Ste 200
Austin TX 78750

Fund	
6855XX	Deposit Funds
604700	Registry Funds
508800	General and Special Funds
085000	Immigration Fees
086900	Attorney Admission Fees
322340	Filing Fees
322350	Sale of Publications
322360	Copy Fees
143500	Miscellaneous Fees
322380	Interest
322386	Recoveries of Court Costs
121000	Restitution to U.S. Government
129900	Conscience Fund
504100	Gifts
613300	Crime Victims Fund
510000	Unclaimed Monies
510100	Civil Filing Fee (½)
	Registry Fee

ACCOUNT	AMOUNT
086900	100 00
510000	190 00
086400	100 00
TOTAL	350. 00
Case Number or Other Reference	
1:06-CV-451	

*New Case**Leann Collins**V.**Easynews Inc.**# 1142**# 1145*

DATE	Cash	Check	M.O.	Credit	DEPUTY CLERK:
6/13 2006	X				<i>A French</i>